

Article

Digital In Communication Uzbek Of The Language Sociolinguistic Features

Sharopova Ra'no Jaxonovna¹

1. Navoi state university doctoral student

*Correspondence: -

Abstract: This in the article Uzbek in the language digital of communication sociolinguistic features analysis The research is conducted in internet discourse. common emoji, abbreviations. phonetic writing forms. code exchange. writing systems mixture application and voiced of messages communicative and sociolinguistic tasks It is also illuminated digitally. in the environment used language units users linguistic and social belonging. communicative style and speech individuality manifestation in the making place analysis Research results Uzbek in the language digital communication language and society of relations modern their appearance reflection provider important communicative space that shows.

Keywords: digital communication. sociolinguistics. internet discourse. emoji, code exchange. phonetic written. voiced messages. linguistic belonging. social belonging. communicative style

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1. Introduction

In The 21st century information and communication technologies intense development as a result people between communication forms noticeable at the level changed. Internet networks. social media platforms and various messengers wide popularity as a result digital communication daily of life inseparable to the part Today 's on the day millions users Telegram, Instagram, Facebook, YouTube and other platforms through communication take go and get new communicative the environment is shaping. This process language directly to the system impact showing. language units usage. communicative strategies and speech of standards to change reason is happening [1].

Digital communication traditional oral and writing from speech row features with The communication speed. interactivity and informality as a result this in the system abbreviations. emoji, phonetic writing forms. code exchange. writing systems mixture application and voiced messages such as new communicative tools active is being used. Such events not only linguistic. maybe sociolinguistic also important importance has to be. language and society of relations new their appearance manifestation will reach [2].

2. Methodology

Digital communication issues world Internet linguistics in linguistics and computer in the tool within the framework of Computer -Mediated Communication (CMC) wide In particular. David Crystal has studied the language of the internet. oral and writing speech features in itself embodied new communicative as a tool ("Netspeak") evaluates. The scientist stating that internet communication speech and writing between traditional borders blurring. new communicative standards and language units new application forms to the surface. Therefore digital in the environment to the surface coming language events traditional writing or oral speech criteria only on the basis of assessment enough it's not.

By Susan Herring take visited in research and computer in the tool of communication social aspects separately attention The researcher 's stating that internet communication users between social relationships. group connections and communicative behavior in the formation important factor is.

Therefore digital discourse analysis in doing only language units structure features not. maybe their communicative and social taking into account the tasks to take necessary. Last emoji. multimodal communication. internet slang. code exchange and virtual communities language with related research is also separate scientific direction as formed is going on.

3. Results and Discussion

Uzbek digital in linguistics too communication with related some research done increased although. Uzbek of internet communication in the language sociolinguistic features. especially digital in the environment language units functional features. users linguistic and social affiliation representative tools and communicative behavior issues still enough at the level complex research not yet arrived. This of the research purpose Uzbek in the language digital of communication main sociolinguistic features determination and their communicative tasks from description consists of. Research in the process social networks and in messengers occurring correspondence. comments and internet discourse samples analysis will be done [3]. Sociolinguistics language and society between relationships as a learning science digital communication processes research in the process of important theoretical basis become service does. Digital in communication emoji. abbreviations. phonetics used writing forms [4]. code exchange. dialect elements and other units users age. social position. communicative environment and speech habits with closely related without manifestation In this respect. internet discourse of the language social nature observation and analysis to do opportunity give important communicative space is considered. Digital communication language by means of users communicative style. linguistic and social affiliation and individual speech features manifestation to grow opportunity gives. Exactly this because of internet discourse sociolinguistic point from the point of view study modern linguistics promising from directions one as confession is being done [5].

Digital communication important from the characteristics one its multimodal character profession Multimodal communication when of information one of time in the room various semiotic tools — text. images. emoji, audio and video elements through transmission understood. In Internet discourse such tools communicative efficiency increase and of speech emotional-expressive aspects to express service does [6].

Today emoji units per day digital of communication inseparable to the part They have become to users their feelings. their attitude or price short and compact in the form expression opportunity For example. the “ 😂 ” laugh or “ 👍 ” indicates happiness. “ 🔥 ” indicates approval. evaluation. and “ 😊 ” neutral or positive relationship meaning possible [7].

Sociolinguistic point emoji units in sight communicative economy on the principle service does. User long comment to write instead of using one emoji own attitude expression possible. Some in cases and emojis independent communicative unity as For example. sent to the message only the “ 👍 ” or “ ❤️ ” symbol with answer return communication participants by complete understandable communicative content harvest does [8].

Emoji units person's communicative style also about information gives. Some users emojis active if you use it. others from them almost This is not the case. communicative habits. age features and communication environment with related to be possible. Therefore, emoji units not only emotional-expressive meaning representative tool. maybe digital of discourse sociolinguistic from the indicators one also important as has [9].

So. emoji units wide The use of the multimodal nature of internet discourse manifestation modern digital communication important from the signs one as is considered. Digital communication the most characteristic from the characteristics one abbreviations and phonetic writing of forms wide Social networks and in messengers of communication speed users the idea opportunity until short and comfortable in the form to express encourages [10]. As a result traditional writing speech from the standards some retreats observed. new writing forms to the surface is coming. Internet communication, words like “ kn ” (then), “ mn ” (maybe), “ ln ” (but), “ blm ” (I don't know) abbreviations often occurs. Such units to write expendable time reduction and communicative speed to provide service does. Sociolinguistic point from the point of view this event communicative economy principle manifestation to be as evaluation possible [11].

Digital in discourse phonetic writing forms are also active For example. “ thank you ”. “ do n't talk ”. “ to the point ”, “ bow ” etc. units of words to pronunciation close in the form writing as a result to the surface came. Such writing forms official writing from speech see verbal to communicate typical features reflection As a result. in internet discourse writing and oral speech of signs mutual harmony is observed [12].

Digital in communication dialect elements based on phonetic inscriptions also appear In particular. "kere" (need), "chunvoldim" (understand) I got it), like "krsez" (if you enter) forms user's territorial speech environment with connection shows. Such units not only information transmission task will do. maybe user's linguistic affiliation and speech also shows individuality will reach. Phonetic writing of forms application often of communication informality and sincerity strengthens. Some in cases users literary to the standards suitable forms instead of to pronunciation close options intentionally They choose. This is interlocutors between communicative distance reduction and proximity feeling to the surface to bring service does [13].

So. abbreviations and phonetic writing forms digital communication important from the signs one they are communicative economy principle provision with together users communicative style. linguistic affiliation and individual speech also reflects the characteristics will bring.

Digital in communication observable important sociolinguistic from events one code is an exchange. In sociolinguistics code code - switching or from it more than of the language one communicative situation or speech flow within in turn application as interpretation This is done. event many lingual in societies wide widespread is. the person language competence. communicative purpose and social environment with closely depends. Code exchange issue world in sociolinguistics wide research In particular. Shana Poplak code exchange two of the language one speech in the process grammatical and communicative in terms of each other harmonized without application as Carol Myers - Scotton and this the event communicative strategy as evaluate. language choice through known social meanings and relationship to be expressed emphasizes [14].

Uzbek in the language digital code in communication exchange active observed. Especially in Russian and English from their languages have grown up in the internet discourse of units wide application this obvious For example. "normal", "uje", "like button", "story post", "online bo' lib". "write a comment" leave, "posted" compounds various languages of elements one speech in the flow application as a result to the surface came. Such units application various factors with First. some concepts internet and information technologies through English from the language enter arrival because of their original forms preserved Second. the code exchange of communication informality reinforcement and to a specific internet community affiliation expression tool as service to do Thirdly. some in cases users known meaning or methodological the effect reinforcement for the purpose other language from units they use [15].

Sociolinguistic point from the point of view code exchange only language units mechanic intervention not. maybe certain communicative task performer event It is considered that users language experience. communicative environment. age features and social connections about certain information gives. Therefore code exchange in internet discourse users linguistic and social affiliation manifestation provider important from indicators one as is considered. So. Uzbek in the language digital in communication code exchange event of the modern internet environment natural and active structural part is. it is communicative comfort provide. new concepts expression and users communicative style manifestation to grow tasks will do. Digital communication to oneself typical from the characteristics one writing systems mixture In Internet communication users some in cases Latin and Cyrillic from the alphabet one text or even in parallel within a sentence They use such event digital of discourse graphic features determinant important from factors one is considered.

Uzbek in the language Latin writing state alphabet as to be used despite. in internet communication Cyrillic writing elements still active For example. "Excellent" came out brother. work I came. but the net is not working", "no problem like" in general" in units Latin and Cyrillic records one communicative space within This is the case. users language experience. writing skills and communicative environment with related without to the surface is coming.

Digital in communication writing convenience aspiration as a result some graphic Changes are also observed. In particular. the Latin alphabetical some letters instead of to them external appearance in terms of close was characters For example. the letter "sh" is used Instead of "w". "bow" (empty), "iw" (work) forms to the surface Also. the letters "o" and "g" without apostrophe writing or in general lowering It is also possible to leave distributed: "tori" (right), "ogil" (boy), "togri" (right) and others. This of the event to the surface on arrival technician and communicative factors important role plays. Some users mobile device on the keyboard special the signs looking for to find time not to spend for simplified writing forms choose. As a result of the writing convenience and speed literary writing to the standards relatively advantage profession will reach. Sociolinguistic point from the point of view

writing systems mixture application users communicative environment and writing practice about certain information This event one from the side digital communication informal character reflection if it does, the second from the side of the language modern technological to the environment adaptation process manifestation That 's why Latin and Cyrillic Parallel use of records and graphic simplifications of internet discourse important sociolinguistic from the signs one as is considered.

So, the writing systems mixture application digital in communication communicative convenience and speed to provide service doer event is, it is in the modern internet environment of the language graphic in the forms face giving changes obvious manifestation will reach. Last in years messengers and social on the networks voiced voice messages (wide) widespread communicative from tools to one Telegram, WhatsApp and other on platforms users textual correspondence with one in line voiced more active than messages are using. This event digital in communication new communicative of the form formed shows.

Sound messages own nature in terms of writing and verbal speech between communicative unity as manifestation On the one hand, they digital technologies by means of transmission because of writing communication to the system belonging is considered. The second from the side and information sound in the form of delivery, intonation, pause, stress and emotional of the tone preservation with verbal to the speech approaches. Therefore voiced messages traditional writing and oral of speech some features in itself embodied intermediate communicative form as is considered.

Sound of messages popularity one row communicative factors with First of all, they to the user long text without writing standing complicated thoughts fast and comfortable in a way expression opportunity Especially, time limited in situations or big in size information in transmission voiced messages communicative efficiency Therefore, in internet communication, "voice dropping " "I will send ", " I heard a voice" take ", " in voice like " I say " units active is being used. Sociolinguistic point from the point of view voiced messages communication individual speech of the participants features further obvious manifestation will. Text in correspondence imperceptible pronunciation, dialect elements, speech tempo, intonation and emotional paints voiced in messages complete preserved remains. As a result user's territorial belonging, communicative style and some individual speeches features about additional information to take opportunity to the surface is coming.

Sound messages communicative intimacy also important in shaping role plays. Because human your voice audible of communication sincerity level increases and interlocutors between psychological distance shortens. Some in cases users writing message through expression difficult was emotional situations exactly voiced messages using to deliver preferably They see. This is digital communication emotional opportunities expands. Also, voice of messages wide usage in internet discourse verbal speech elements also causes activation is happening. As a result digital communication increasingly multimodal character profession text, emoji, image and audio devices each other harmony based on is developing.

So, voice messages modern digital communication to oneself typical shape are, they are communicative convenience and speed provision with together individual speech of users characteristics, communicative style and social their relationship manifestation provider important tool as service does. Language not only communication tool, maybe person's certain social group, area or communicative to the environment affiliation manifestation provider important It is also considered a tool. Therefore sociolinguistic in research language units selection often users social position, communicative environment and speech features with related without analysis Digital communication in the process of this event obvious manifestation internet discourse users linguistic and social affiliation representative important communicative space as is taking shape.

Digital in discourse appeal and assessment units are also social affiliation in expression important role plays. Such units not only assessment or appeal task will do, maybe communicants between attitude also reflects the character For example, the unit "bro" informal and equal in position to communicate typical if so, the address " teacher " respect and confession meanings "Admin" represents the Internet community, within formed communicative from roles one indicates.

Linguistic of tools selection individual communicative abilities of users also shows style Some users dialect elements, abbreviations and emojis active if you use it, others literary language to the standards closer shapes preferably They see. This is the situation, digital individual speech in communication of the characteristics preserved that it is staying shows. So so, internet communication users speech individuality observation opportunity giver important communicative environment task will do.

Digital in communication linguistic and social belonging expression of internet communities formation It is also related to. Certain group or platform within wide applicable language units this community members unifying communicative to the mark rotation possible. As a result some words, abbreviations or appeal forms known group representatives other from users separate standing sociolinguistic marker function will do. Digital in discourse applicable language units only information transmission tool become not only that, but also that of users linguistic affiliation, social relationships, communicative style and individual speech features manifestation provider important sociolinguistic indicators also serve as In this respect, internet communication modern in society language and social relationship between mutual connections observation opportunity giver to oneself typical communicative space is considered.

Information and communication technologies intense development as a result digital communication modern society of life inseparable to the part became. This process Uzbek of the language application circle, communicative opportunities and functional also noticeable in its characteristics impact Therefore, the internet discourse sociolinguistic point from the point of view study today's linguistics current from directions one is considered. Research results Uzbek in the language digital communication traditional writing and verbal from speech row features with to differentiate In particular, emoji units, abbreviations, phonetic writing forms, code exchange, writing systems mixture application and voiced messages internet discourse important communicative tools as active is being used. This units communicative speed to provide information compact in the form transmission, emotional-expressive meanings expression and communication efficiency to increase service is doing.

4. Conclusion

Analyses this showed that digital in communication applicable language units not only communicative, maybe sociolinguistic It also performs functions. In particular, dialect elements, appeal forms, evaluator units and code exchange events users linguistic and social belonging, communicative environment and individual speech features about certain information In this respect, internet discourse language and society between relationships observation opportunity giver important communicative space as manifestation will be. Also digital in communication writing and oral speech characteristics mutual convergence being observed Especially the voice of messages wide distribution, phonetic writing of forms activation and multimodal communication development of internet discourse to oneself typical communicative system as is taking shape shows.

Uzbek in the language digital communication language development modern stage reflection provider complicated sociolinguistic event It is consistent, study of internet discourse linguistic and sociolinguistic features identification, digital in the environment face giving language changes description and Uzbek of the language modern communicative opportunities in evaluation important scientific importance profession will. In the future digital communication age, gender, occupation groups and territorial speech differences with related aspects special research to grow promising from directions one become service to do possible.

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